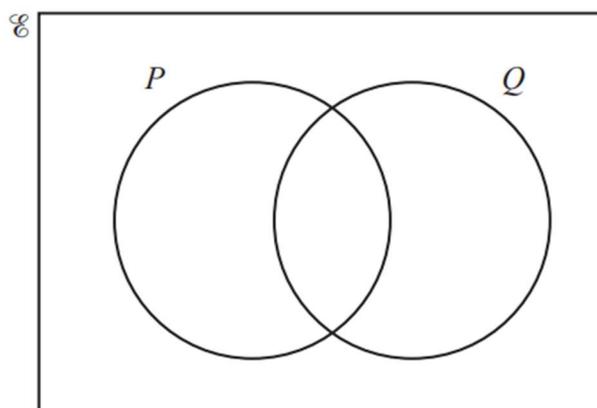


16 x is an integer.

$$\mathcal{E} = \{x : 1 \leq x \leq 10\}$$

$$P = \{x : x \text{ is an even number}\}$$

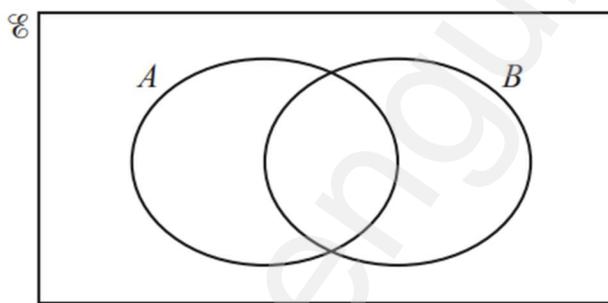
$$Q = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 5\}$$



Complete the Venn diagram.

[2]

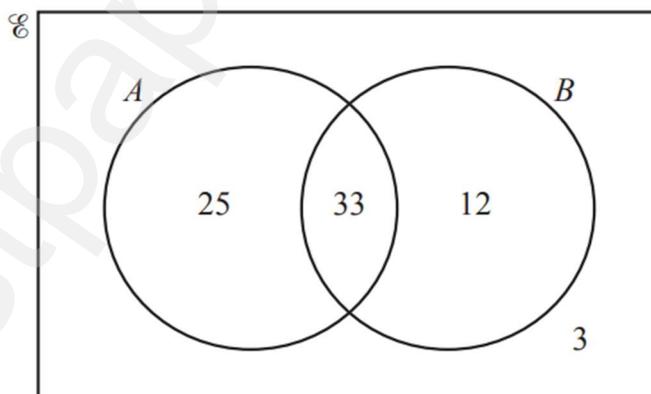
3



On the Venn diagram, shade the region $A \cap B$.

[1]

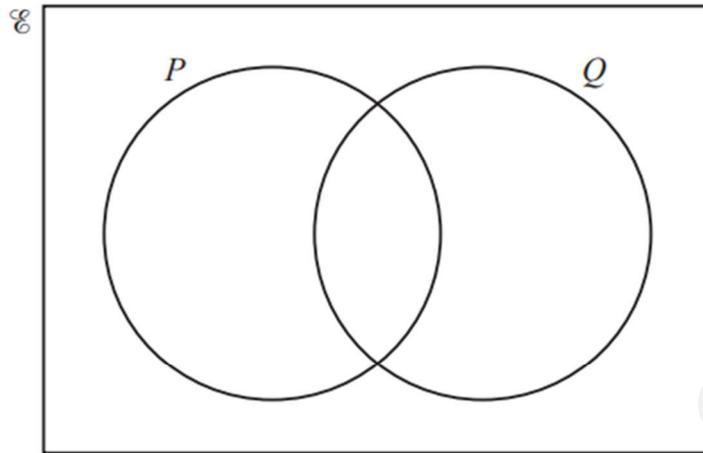
10



Find $n(A \cap B)$.

..... [1]

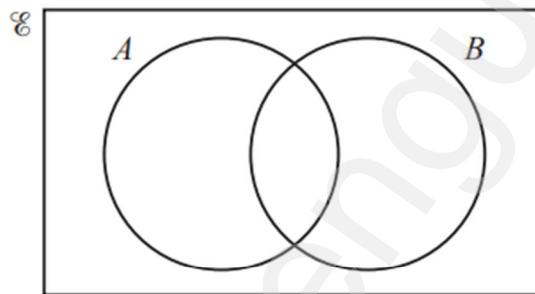
- 11 (a) $\mathcal{E} = \{a, b, e, g, l, m, o, r, t, y\}$
 $P = \{a, b, e, g, l, r\}$
 $Q = \{e, g, m, o, r, t, y\}$



Complete the Venn diagram.

[2]

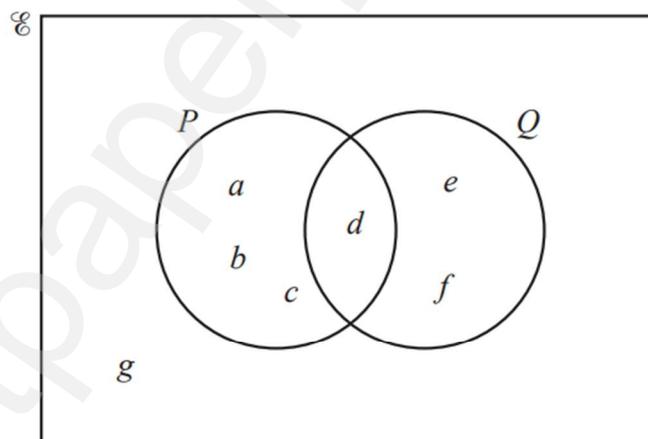
(b)



Shade the region $A' \cap B$.

[1]

7



The Venn diagram shows the elements of the sets \mathcal{E} , P and Q .

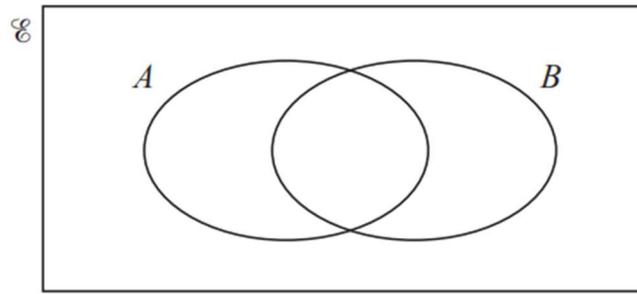
Complete the statements.

(a) $P = \{ \dots \}$

[1]

(b) $n(P \cup Q) = \dots$

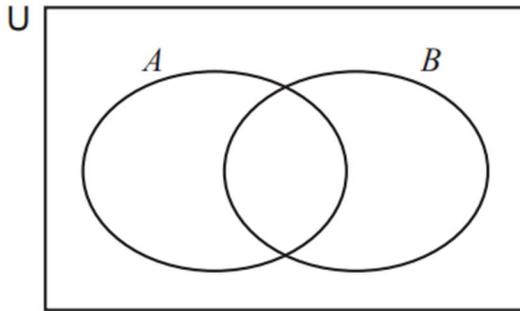
[1]



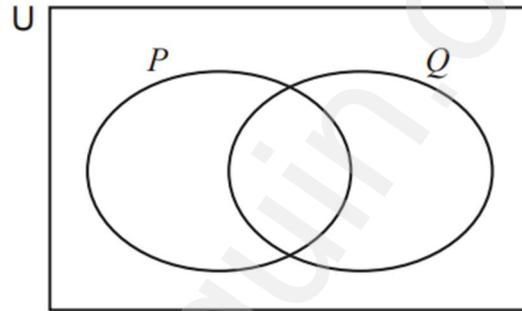
On the Venn diagram, shade the region $A \cap B$.

[1]

9 In each Venn diagram, shade the given set.



$A \cup B$

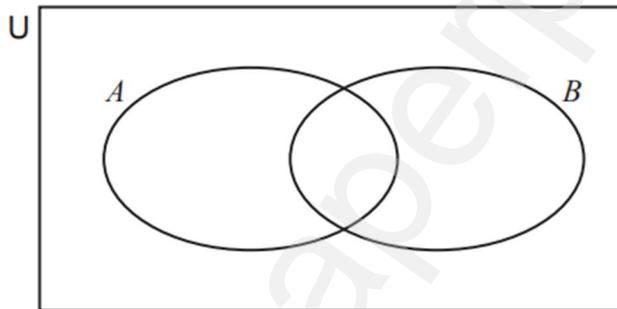


$(P \cap Q)'$

[2]

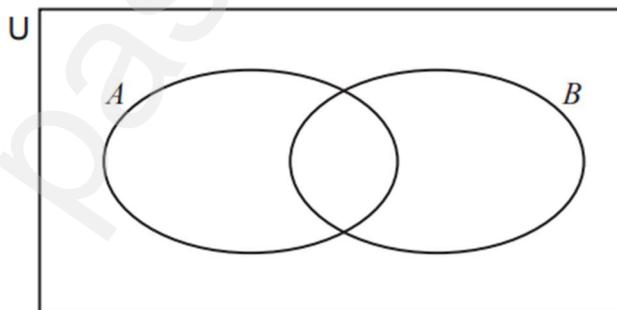
13 Shade the given sets in each of these Venn diagrams.

(a) $A' \cup B'$

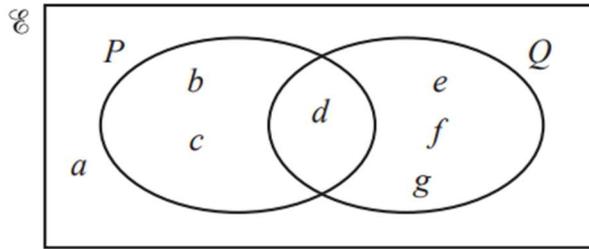


[1]

(b) $(A \cap B)'$



[1]



(a) Complete the statement.

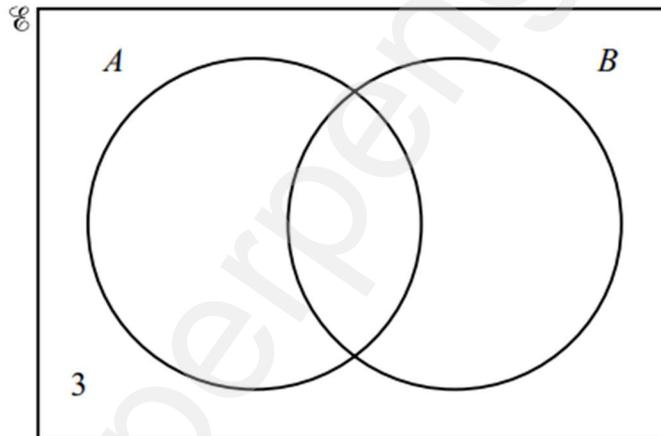
$$P \cup Q = \{ \dots\dots\dots \} \quad [1]$$

(b) Find $n(Q)$.

..... [1]

(c) Find $n(P' \cap Q)$.

..... [1]



$n(E) = 20$, $n(A \cup B)' = 3$, $n(A) = 10$ and $n(B) = 13$.
The Venn diagram shows some of this information.

Find

(a) $n(A \cap B)$

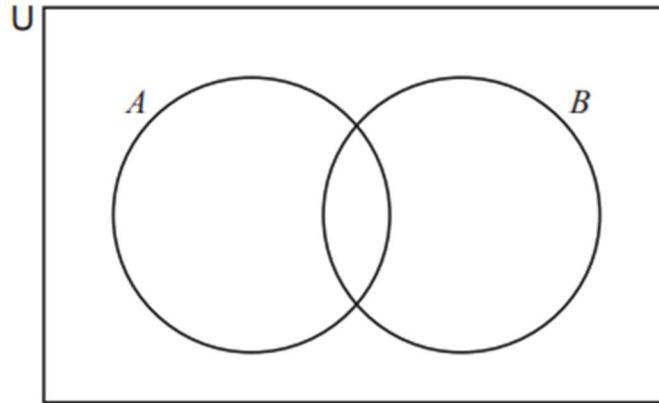
..... [2]

(b) $n(A' \cap B)$.

..... [1]

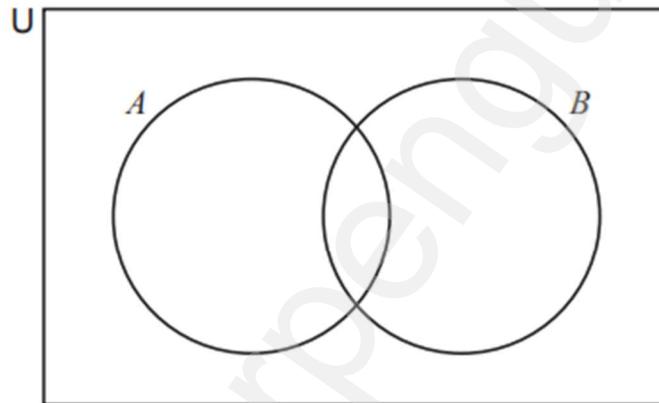
13 Shade the given region on the Venn diagram.

(a) $A' \cap B'$



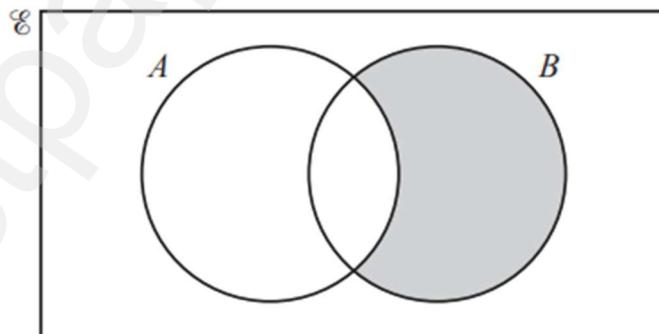
[1]

(b) $(A \cup B)'$



[1]

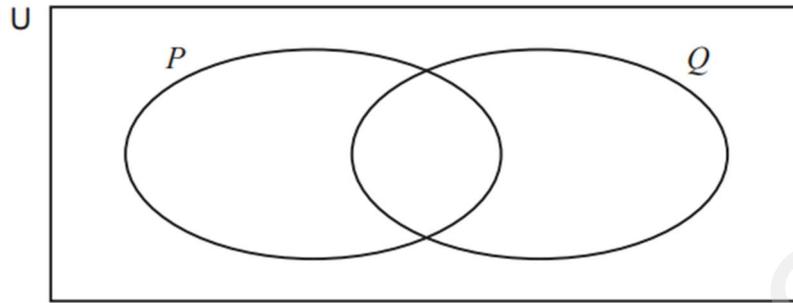
13



Use set notation to describe the shaded region.

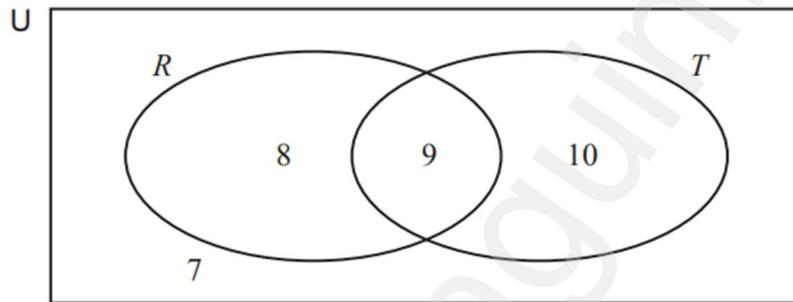
..... [1]

10 (a) Shade the region $(P \cup Q)'$.



[1]

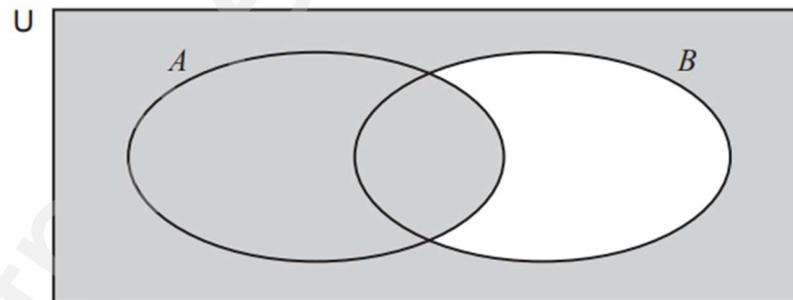
(b) The Venn diagram shows the number of elements in each region.



Find $n(R \cap T')$.

..... [1]

(c) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.



..... [1]

- 7 $\mathcal{E} = \{x: x \text{ is an integer and } 1 \leq x \leq 12\}$
 $E = \{\text{even numbers}\}$
 $M = \{\text{multiples of 3}\}$

(a) Find $n(M)$.

..... [1]

(b) Write down the set $E \cap M$.

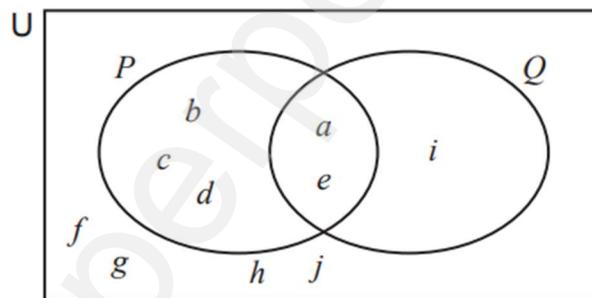
{.....} [1]

(c) $y \in (E \cup M)'$

Write down a possible value of y .

..... [1]

9



$U = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j\}$

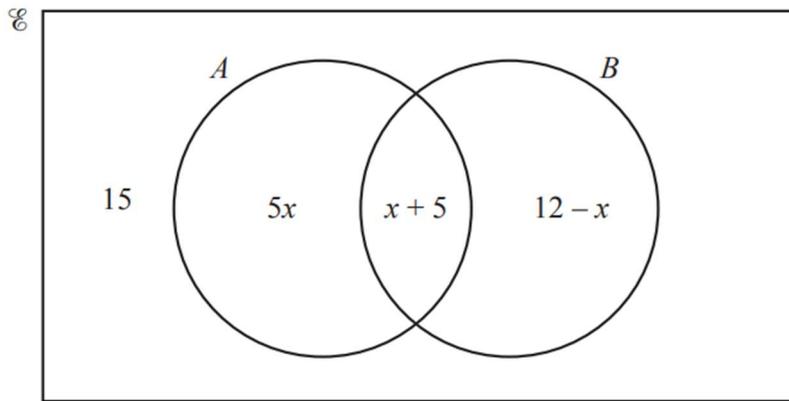
Complete each statement.

(a) $(P \cup Q)' = \{.....\}$ [1]

(b) $\{a, e\} = P \dots\dots Q$ [1]

(c) $n(P' \cup Q) = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

14 (a)

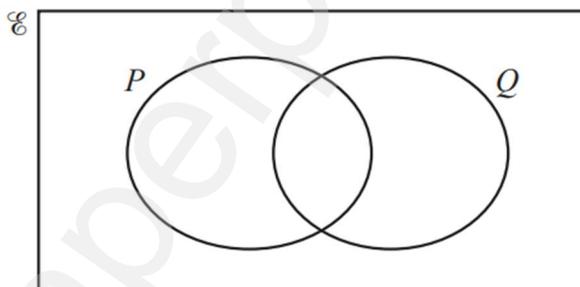


The Venn diagram shows information about the number of elements in sets A , B and \mathcal{E} .
 $n(\mathcal{E}) = 52$.

Find $n(A \cap B)$.

..... [3]

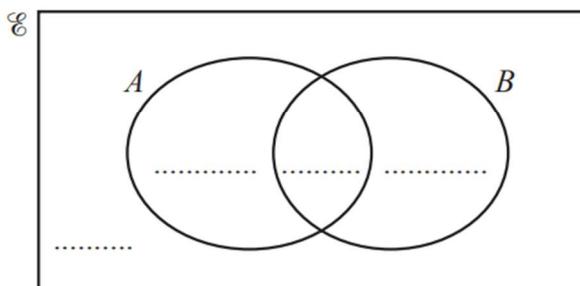
15 (a) On the Venn diagram, shade the region $P \cup Q'$.



[1]

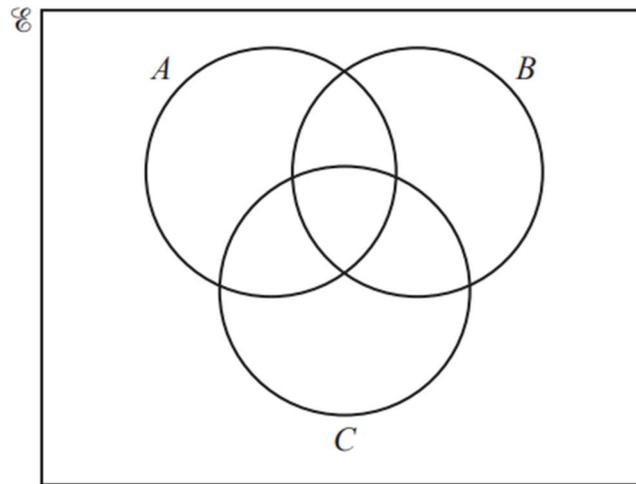
(b) $n(\mathcal{E}) = 20$ $n(A \cup B)' = 1$ $n(A) = 12$ $n(B) = 10$

Complete the Venn diagram.



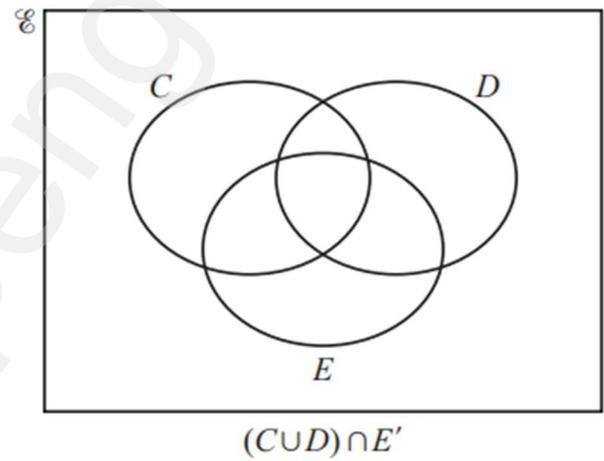
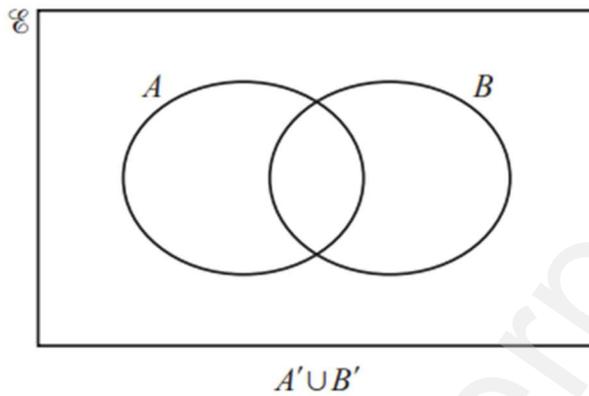
[2]

20 In the Venn diagram, shade the region $A \cap B' \cap C$.



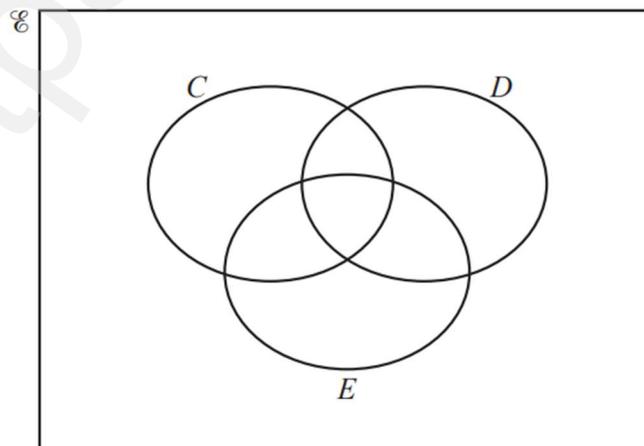
[1]

19 In these Venn diagrams, shade the given regions.



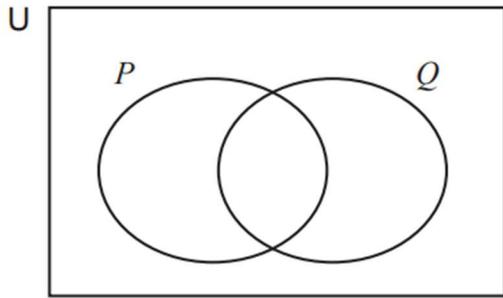
[2]

(b) In this Venn diagram, shade the region $C \cap D \cap E$.



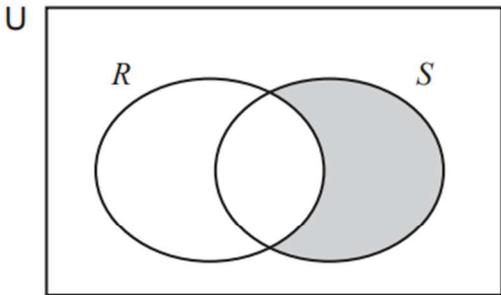
[1]

11 (a) Shade $P \cup Q$.



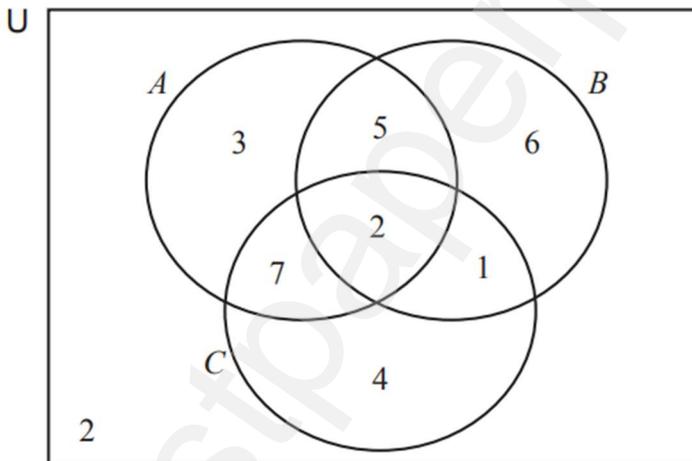
[1]

(b) Describe the shaded area using set notation.



..... [1]

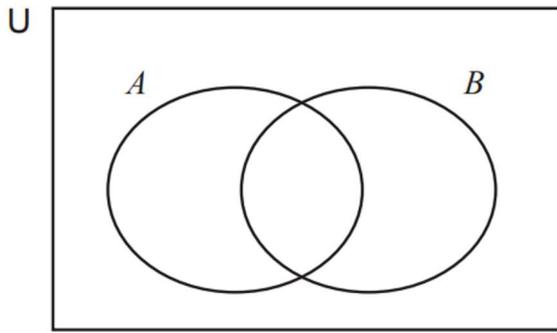
(c) The Venn diagram shows the number of elements in each subset.



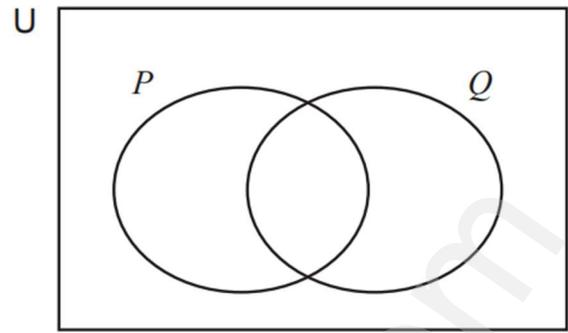
Find $n((B' \cap C) \cap A)$.

..... [1]

9 On the Venn diagrams, shade the given subsets.



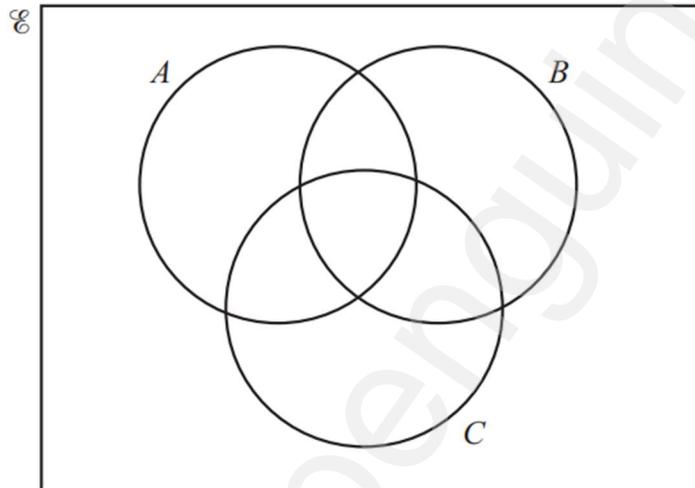
$A \cup B$



$(P' \cap Q) \cup (P \cap Q')$

[2]

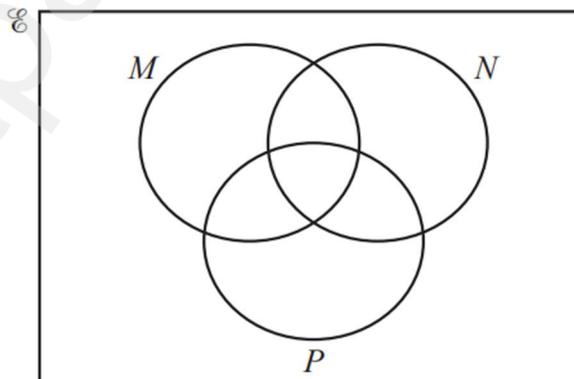
19



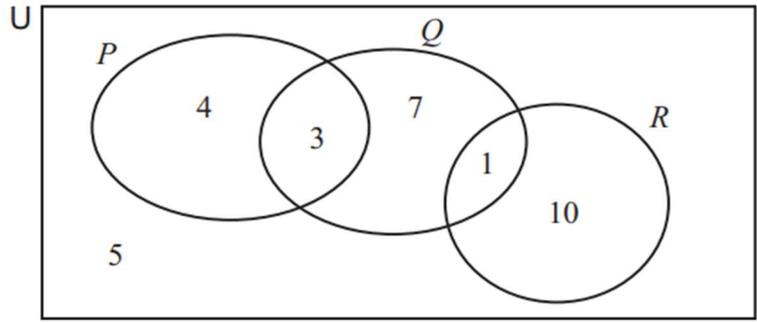
In the Venn diagram, shade the region $(A \cup B \cup C)'$.

[1]

19 In this Venn diagram, shade the region $M' \cup N \cup P$.



[1]



The Venn diagram shows the number of elements in each subset.

(a) Use set notation to complete the statement.

$P \cap Q \cap R = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(b) Find $n((Q \cup R) \cap P')$.

$\dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(c) Shade the subset $(P \cap Q') \cup R$.

[1]

- 6 $\mathcal{C} = \{x: 1 \leq x \leq 20\}$
 $E = \{\text{even numbers}\}$
 $M = \{\text{multiples of } 5\}$

(a) Find $n(M)$.

$\dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(b) Find the elements in the set $E \cap M$.

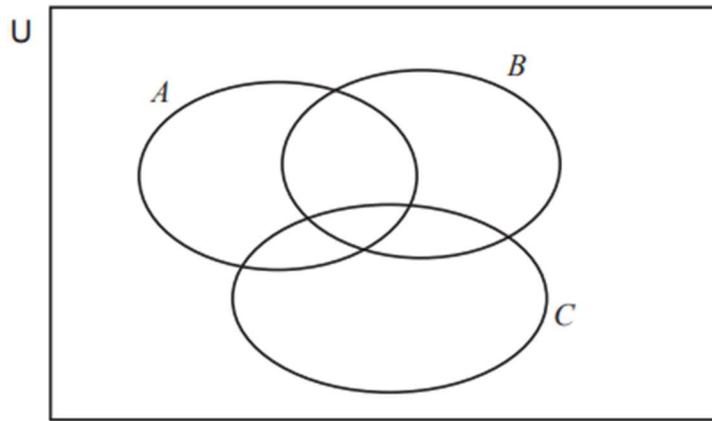
$\dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(c) $y \notin E$.

Write down a possible value of y .

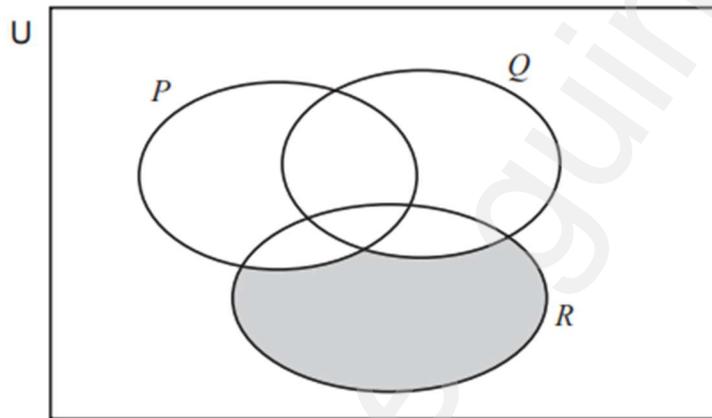
$\dots\dots\dots$ [1]

15 (a) On the Venn Diagram, shade the set $A \cap B \cap C'$.



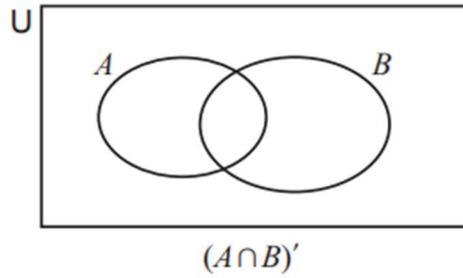
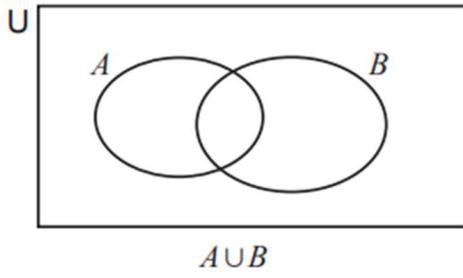
[1]

(b) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.



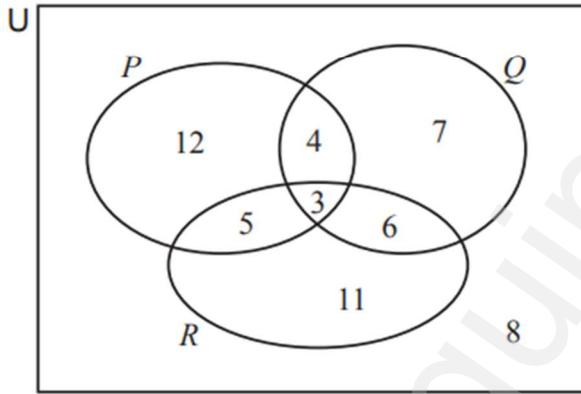
..... [1]

11 (a) In each Venn diagram, shade the given set.



[2]

(b) In this Venn diagram, the number of elements in each of the subsets is shown.



Find.

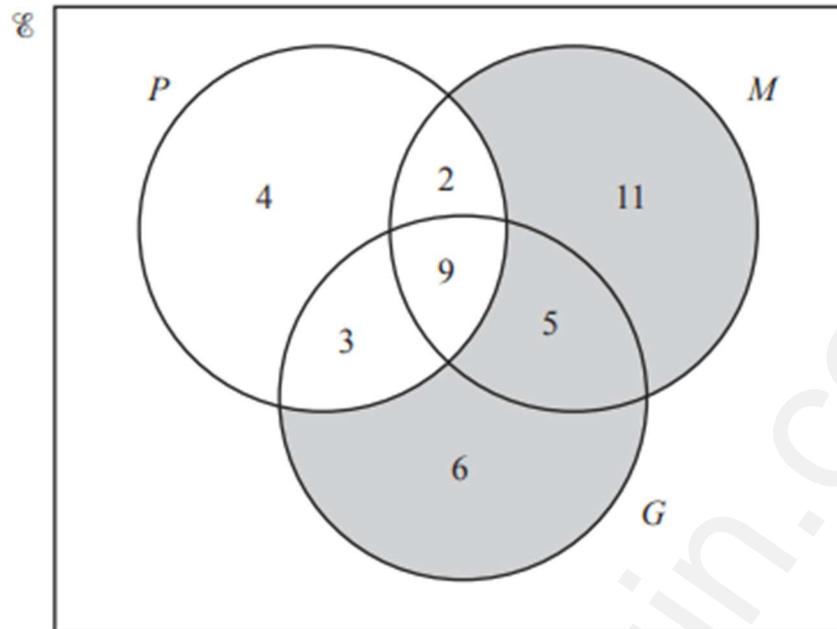
(i) $n(P \cup (Q \cap R))$

..... [1]

(ii) $n((P \cup Q) \cap R')$

..... [1]

- 16 The Venn diagram shows the number of students in a class of 40 who study physics (P), mathematics (M) and geography (G).



- (a) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.

..... [1]

- (b) Find $n((P \cap G) \cup M')$.

..... [1]

- (c) A student is chosen at random from those studying geography.

Find the probability that this student also studies physics or mathematics but not both.

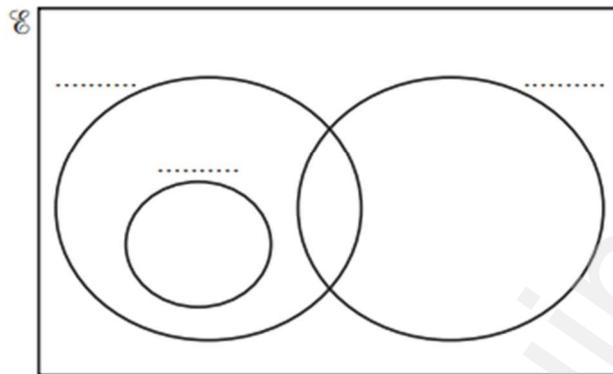
..... [2]

- 12 (a) $\mathcal{E} = \{\text{integers greater than 2}\}$
 $A = \{\text{prime numbers}\}$
 $B = \{\text{odd numbers}\}$
 $C = \{\text{square numbers}\}$

(i) Describe the type of numbers in the set $B' \cap C$.

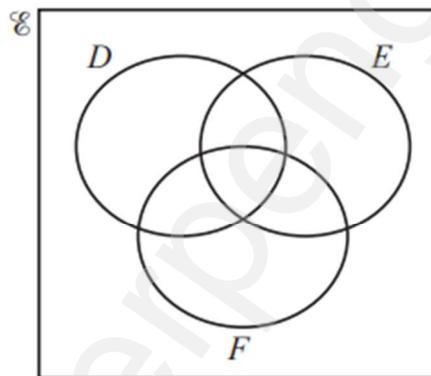
..... [1]

(ii) Complete the set labels on the Venn diagram.



[1]

(b)

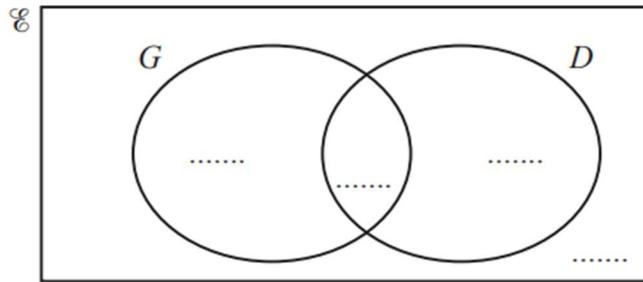


Shade the region $D' \cup (E \cap F)'$.

[1]

19 (a) In a class of 40 students:

- 28 wear glasses (G)
- 13 have driving lessons (D)
- 4 do not wear glasses and do not have driving lessons.



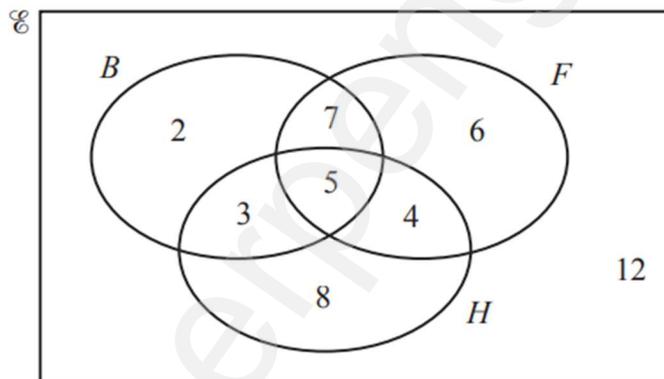
(i) Complete the Venn diagram.

[2]

(ii) Use set notation to describe the region that contains a total of 32 students.

..... [1]

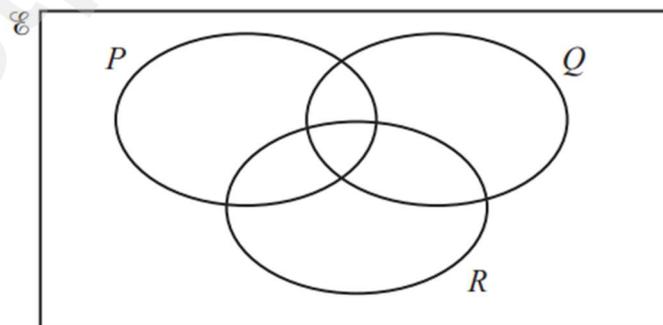
(b) This Venn diagram shows information about the number of students who play basketball (B), football (F) and hockey (H).



Find $n((B \cup F) \cap H')$.

..... [1]

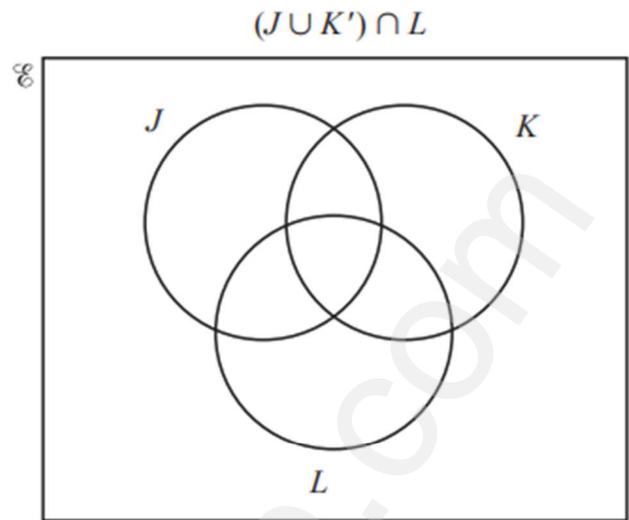
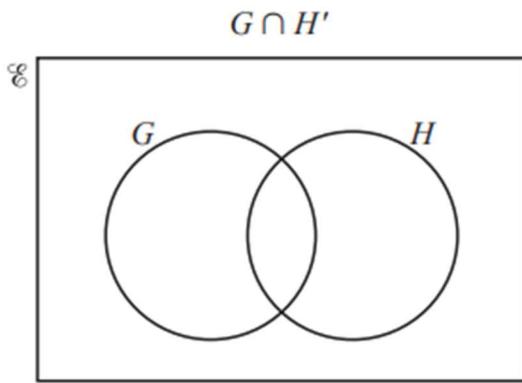
(c)



Shade the region $P \cup (Q \cap R)'$.

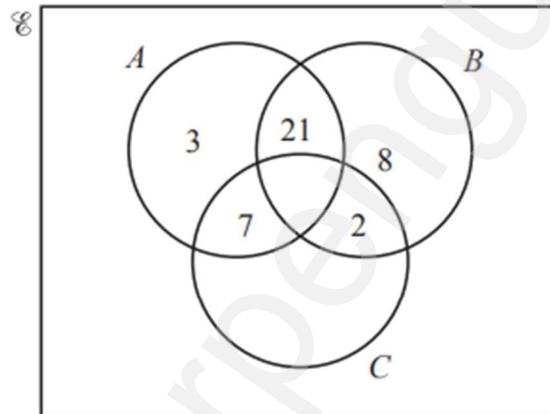
[1]

16 (a) Shade the region indicated in each Venn diagram.



[2]

(b) The Venn diagram shows some information about the number of elements in sets A , B , C and \mathcal{E} .

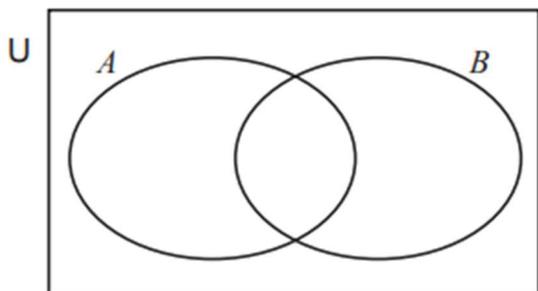


Given the following information, complete the Venn diagram.

$$\begin{aligned} n(A \cap B \cap C) &= 1 \\ n(A \cup B \cup C)' &= 17 \\ n(C) &= 42 \end{aligned}$$

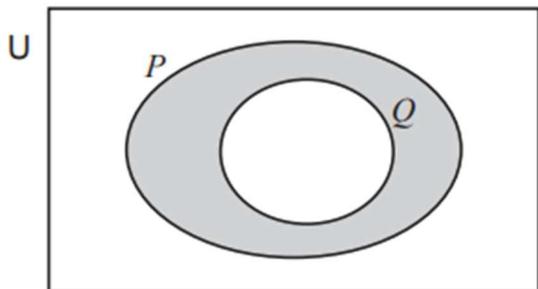
[2]

11 (a) On the Venn diagram, shade $(A \cup B)'$.



[1]

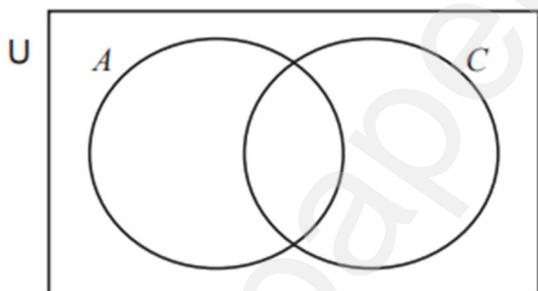
(b) Use set notation to describe the shaded region.



..... [1]

(c) There are 35 students in a class.
The students are asked if they like athletics (A) or cricket (C).
 $n(A) = 15$
 $n(C) = 14$
 $n(A \cap C) = 5$

Complete the Venn diagram below by writing the number of elements in each subset.



[2]