

5 Write these lengths in order of size, starting with the smallest.

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 0.03 \text{ m} & 2.9 \text{ cm} & 32 \text{ mm} & 0.00002 \text{ km} \\
 3 \text{ cm} & & 3.2 \text{ cm} & = 0.02 \text{ m} \\
 & & & = 2 \text{ cm}
 \end{array}$$

$$\underbrace{0.00002 \text{ km}}_{\text{smallest}}, \quad 2.9 \text{ cm}, \quad 0.03 \text{ m}, \quad 32 \text{ mm} \dots [2]$$

5 Change 12 millimetres into metres.

$$\begin{aligned}
 12 \text{ mm} &= 1.2 \text{ cm} \\
 &= 0.012 \text{ m} \dots 0.012 \dots \text{ m} [1]
 \end{aligned}$$

4 Change 62 000 millimetres into kilometres.

$$\begin{aligned}
 62\,000 \text{ mm} &= 62 \text{ m} \\
 &= 0.062 \text{ km} \dots 0.062 \dots \text{ km} [1]
 \end{aligned}$$

7 The scale of a map is 1 : 125 000.  
On a map, the length of an island is 9.4 cm.

Calculate the actual length of the island, giving your answer in kilometres.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 1 : 125\,000 \\
 \times 9.4 \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \times 9.4 \\ \times 9.4 \end{array} \right) \\
 \hline
 9.4 : 1175\,000 \\
 1175\,000 \text{ cm} = 11750 \text{ m} \\
 = 11.75 \text{ km} \dots 11.75 \dots \text{ km} [2]
 \end{array}$$

4 The distance from town A to town B on a map is 3.5 cm.  
The scale on the map is 1 : 250 000.

Find the actual distance, in kilometres, from town A to town B.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 1 : 250\,000 \\
 \times 3.5 \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \times 3.5 \\ \times 3.5 \end{array} \right) \\
 \hline
 3.5 : 875\,000 \\
 875\,000 \text{ cm} = 8750 \text{ m} \\
 = 8.75 \text{ km} \dots 8.75 \dots \text{ km} [2]
 \end{array}$$

7 Change 457 000 cm<sup>2</sup> into m<sup>2</sup>.

$$1\text{ m} = 100\text{ cm}$$

$$1\text{ m}^2 = 100^2\text{ cm}^2 \\ = 10000\text{ cm}^2$$

$$457\,000 \div 10\,000 = 45.7$$

$$\underline{\quad 45.7 \quad} \text{ m}^2 \text{ [1]}$$

4 Change 270 mm<sup>2</sup> into m<sup>2</sup>.

$$1\text{ m} = 1000\text{ mm}$$

$$1\text{ m}^2 = 1000^2\text{ mm}^2 \\ = 1\,000\,000\text{ mm}^2$$

$$270 \div 1\,000\,000 = 0.00027$$

$$\underline{\quad 0.00027 \quad} \text{ m}^2 \text{ [1]}$$

4 Change 0.2 m<sup>2</sup> into cm<sup>2</sup>.

$$1\text{ m} = 100\text{ cm}$$

$$1\text{ m}^2 = 100^2\text{ cm}^2 \\ = 10\,000\text{ cm}^2$$

$$0.2 \times 10\,000 = 2000$$

$$\underline{\quad 2000 \quad} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ [1]}$$

5 Convert 0.17 m<sup>2</sup> into cm<sup>2</sup>.

$$0.17 \times 10\,000 = 1700$$

$$\underline{\quad 1700 \quad} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ [1]}$$

4 Change  $600 \text{ cm}^3$  into  $\text{m}^3$ .

$$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 = 100^3 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 1\,000\,000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$600 \div 1\,000\,000 = 0.0006$$

$$\dots 0.0006 \dots \text{m}^3 \text{ [1]}$$

5 (a) Convert  $780 \text{ cm}^2$  into  $\text{m}^2$ .

$$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^2 = 100^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 10\,000 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$780 \div 10\,000 = 0.078$$

$$\dots 0.078 \dots \text{m}^2 \text{ [1]}$$

(b) Convert  $0.037 \text{ m}^3$  into  $\text{cm}^3$ .

$$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 = 100^3 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 1\,000\,000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$0.037 \times 1\,000\,000 = 37\,000$$

$$\dots 37\,000 \dots \text{cm}^3 \text{ [1]}$$

14 A map has a scale of 1 : 200 000.

Find the area, in square kilometres, of a lake that has an area of  $12.4 \text{ cm}^2$  on the map.

LSF:  $1 \text{ cm} : 200\,000 \text{ cm}$   
 $1 \text{ cm} : 2000 \text{ m}$   
 $1 \text{ cm} : 2 \text{ km}$

$1 \text{ cm}^2 : 4 \text{ km}^2$   
 $\times 12.4 \rightarrow 12.4 \text{ cm}^2 : 49.6 \text{ km}^2 \rightarrow \times 12.4$

ASF:  $1^2 \text{ cm}^2 : 2^2 \text{ km}^2$   
 $1 \text{ cm}^2 : 4 \text{ km}^2$

..... 49.6 .....  $\text{km}^2$  [2]

13 On a map, a lake has an area of  $32 \text{ cm}^2$ .  
 The scale of the map is 1 : 24 000.

Calculate the actual area of the lake.  
 Give your answer in  $\text{km}^2$ .

LSF:  $1 \text{ cm} : 24\,000 \text{ cm}$   
 $1 \text{ cm} : 240 \text{ m}$   
 $1 \text{ cm} : 0.24 \text{ km}$

$1 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.0576 \text{ km}^2$   
 $\times 32 \rightarrow 32 \text{ cm}^2 : 1.8432 \text{ km}^2 \rightarrow \times 32$

ASF:  $1^2 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.24^2 \text{ km}^2$   
 $1 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.0576 \text{ km}^2$

..... 1.8432 .....  $\text{km}^2$  [2]

20 A lake has an area of  $3 \text{ km}^2$ .  
 On a map the area of the lake is  $18.75 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Find the scale of the map in the form 1 : n.

ASF:  $18.75 \text{ cm}^2 : 3 \text{ km}^2$   
 $\div 3 \rightarrow 6.25 \text{ cm}^2 : 1 \text{ km}^2 \rightarrow \div 3$

LSF:  $\sqrt{6.25} \text{ cm} : \sqrt{1} \text{ km}$   
 $2.5 \text{ cm} : 1 \text{ km}$   
 $2.5 \text{ cm} : 1000 \text{ m}$   
 $2.5 \text{ cm} : 100\,000 \text{ cm}$   
 $\div 2.5 \rightarrow 1 : 40\,000 \rightarrow \div 2.5$

1 : ..... 40 000 ..... [3]

- 11 A warehouse has a floor area of  $800 \text{ m}^2$ .  
The plan of the warehouse is drawn to a scale of  $1 : 50$ .

Calculate the floor area on the plan.  
Give your answer in square centimetres.

LSF:  $1 \text{ cm} : 50 \text{ cm}$   
 $1 \text{ cm} : 0.5 \text{ m}$

ASF:  $1^2 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.5^2 \text{ m}^2$   
 $1 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.25 \text{ m}^2$

$$800 \div 0.25 \downarrow$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^2 : 0.25 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\times 3200 \left( \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ 3200 \text{ cm}^2 : 800 \text{ m}^2 \end{array} \right) \times 3200$$

$$\underline{\quad 3200 \quad} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ [3]}$$

- 3  $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10^n \text{ cm}^2$

Find the value of  $n$ .

LSF:  $1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$

ASF:  $1^2 \text{ m}^2 = 100^2 \text{ cm}^2$   
 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10000 \text{ cm}^2$   
 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10^4 \text{ cm}^2$

$n = \underline{\quad 4 \quad} \text{ [1]}$

- 9 Change  $300 \text{ m/min}$  to  $\text{km/h}$ .

$300 \text{ m}$  every minute  
 $= 18000 \text{ m}$  every hour  $\downarrow \times 60$   
 $= 18 \text{ km}$  every hour

$\underline{\quad 18 \quad} \text{ km/h [2]}$